Clause		ne [1C-101ENG] – Change ue <b>005</b>	,	e 006	Reason for change
Contents					Updated
Forword		s in line with standards 008 and OHSAS 18001.			Deleted – outdated reference.
Acknowledgements			'IRATA Executive Cor Acknowledgements se		As the IRATA Executive Committee conducted principal review of the TACS alongside the Training Committee.
2	Definition deleted:		Definitions added:		'Desk based' definition removed as superseded by the Theory Examination.
	desk based  Technical Contact	learning or assessment task carried out as a theoretical, rather than practical exercise.  employee of an IRATA International member company nominated to deal with rope access	Assessment  Awareness	the systematic basis used to evaluate whether a Candidate has demonstrated the required knowledge, skill and awareness in accordance with the requirements of this certification scheme	'Technical Contact' removed, as it is not referenced further within the body of TACS.  Definitions added to provide clarification to the terms used within the document.  'Manikin' definition added to provide clarity and to align with the definition documented within the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300].
		matters.  Note: The Technical  Contact is also known as the company nominated person.	Critical	knowledge of a subject or perception of a situation an extremely important	
				factor that ensures a process is carried out safely and/or effectively	
			<b>Manikin</b>	a model of the human body for use as a rescue training aid; also known as a training dummy	
			Theory Examination	Candidate's knowledge in rope access techniques	
				Note: This constitutes the non-practical elements of a Level 3 Assessment.	

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
Figure 1	Text below flowchart:	Text below flowchart updated:	Flowchart image updated with newer design, content remains unchanged.
	Independent IRATA re-assessments are	IRATA revalidation is required every three	Text updated for clarity and to align with the
	required every three years at all levels,	years at all levels, following a minimum of	relevant TACS clauses.
	following a minimum of four days of training.	four days of Training.	
	Rope access Technicians not engaged in	Holders of expired IRATA Level 1, 2 or 3	
	rope access work for six months or more	certificates wanting to regain IRATA	
	should attend refresher training.	certification should refer to the 'Procedures	
		for IRATA Certification' [TC-032ENG] or	
	Holders of expired Level 2 or Level 3	contact an IRATA Trainer Member Company	
	certificates that have been expired for more	for <mark>further guidance.</mark>	
	than 6 months should contact an IRATA	Dana access to shairing a set on several in	
	Trainer member company for information on	Rope access technicians <b>not</b> engaged in	
	revalidation procedure.	rope access work for 180 days or more shall	
		attend Refresher Training.	
	To ensure rope access Technicians are up to	To ensure rope access technicians are up to	
	date with certification, re-assessment may be	date with certification, IRATA Training and	
	done up to 6 months before due expiry date	Revalidation Assessment may be undertaken	
	without any time penalty.	up to 180 days before their Certification	
		expiry date without any time penalty.	
4.2.1	Candidates shall be at least 18 years of age	Candidates shall be at least 18 years of age	Additional text added to provide clarification
	at the start of the course.	on the first date of Training.	and/or guidance.
4.3.1	Candidates applying to upgrade shall be	Candidates applying to upgrade shall be	Text amended to reflect the removal of Level 1
	competent in all practical and theory	competent in all practical and theory	and Level 2 theory questions.
	requirements of their current level prior to	requirements of their current level prior to	, .
	attendance of an upgrade course, e.g. an	attendance of an upgrade course, e.g. an	
	existing Level 1 attending a Level 2 course	existing Level 1 technician attending a Level	
	shall be capable of performing all Level 1	2 course shall be capable of performing all	
	techniques and answering Level 1 theory	Level 1 syllabus requirements prior to the	
	questions prior to the start of a Level 2	start of a Level 2 course.	
	course.		

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
4.3.3	Trainer Member Companies and Candidates seeking to upgrade shall ensure that:  a) their current Certification is still valid on the day of Assessment; b) they have the necessary 1 years' experience and 1000 Working Hours recorded and signed off in their Logbook. See 4.13 for more details on Logbooks.  Note: For the avoidance of confusion, 1 year experience means a technician is eligible for an upgrade Assessment on the calendar day one year and one day after their previous Assessment; e.g. 1st April 2014 Level 1 Assessment, 2nd April 2015 earliest possible Level 2 Assessment.	Trainer Member Companies shall verify that Candidates seeking to upgrade have met with the following requirements prior to commencing Training:  a) their current Certification will still be valid on the day of Assessment;  b) they have the necessary 1 years' experience and 1000 Working Hours recorded and signed off in their Logbook. See 4.13 for more details on Logbooks.  Note: 1 year experience means a technician is eligible for an upgrade Assessment on the calendar date one year and one day after their previous Assessment; e.g. 1st April 2023 Level 1 Assessment, 2nd April 2024 earliest possible Level 2 Assessment.	Updated to provide clarity.
4.3.5	Rope access Technicians whose certification has expired should consult Procedures for IRATA Certification [TC-032].	Rope access technicians whose Certification has expired should refer to the 'Procedures for IRATA Certification' [TC-032] or contact an IRATA Trainer Member Company for further guidance.	Updated to provide clarity.
4.4.4	Breaks in Training, or between Training and Assessment, shall not be longer than 60 days, after which Candidates are required to attend a further Training course in full.  Evidence of qualifying prior Training must be presented to the Trainer Member Company prior to Assessment.	A minimum of 4 days Training and the Assessment shall be completed within 60 days from the first date of Training, after which Candidates are required to attend a further minimum 4 day Training course.  Evidence of qualifying prior for Training shall be presented to the Trainer Member Company prior to Assessment.	Updated to provide clarity.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
4.5	Conversion and accelerated entry IRATA Certification  The Direct Entry scheme permitted candidates to be trained and assessed at the IRATA certification level equivalent to their rope access experience and skills. This scheme is now obsolete.  Candidates with significant rope access experience evidenced outside the IRATA system may be eligible for conversion or accelerated entry into the IRATA certification scheme. The requirements for conversion are available from IRATA Training member	Conversion to IRATA Certification  Candidates with rope access qualifications gained outside of the IRATA system may be eligible for conversion into the IRATA certification scheme. The requirements for conversion are available from IRATA Trainer Member Companies.	Text relating to 'direct entry' and 'accelerated entry' have been removed as these schemes are now obsolete.
4.6.6	companies.  The assessment is in two parts: written and practical. Where appropriate, the Assessor may explore the candidate's knowledge further by discussion.	All Candidates are required to undergo a practical Assessment, where they shall demonstrate their competency as per the required 'TACS' [TC-101] syllabus items. Where appropriate, the Assessor may explore the Candidate's knowledge further by discussion.	Text amended to reflect the implementation of Level 3 Theory Examinations.
		Candidates being assessed for Level 3 certification will additionally be required to sit a Theory Examination. Candidates shall comply with examination and Assessment rules. If a Candidate is in breach of the rules, the Assessment shall be terminated, resulting in a fail.	
4.6.10	The Assessor shall inform the candidate of discrepancies when they occur and shall explain the safety issue arising from the situation.	The Assessor shall inform the Candidate of discrepancies and shall explain the safety issue(s) arising from the situation, when they occur and when safe to do so.	Sentenced restructured.  Updated for clarity and to align with the ASTACS.
4.6.11	The Candidate shall sign the IRATA 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] at the beginning of the Assessment. At the end of the Assessment, the Assessor shall debrief each Candidate and inform them of the result. The Assessor shall provide copies of the completed IRATA 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] to the Trainer Member Company (see clause 7.9.5).	The Candidate shall sign the IRATA 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] prior to the Assessment. At the end of the Assessment, the Assessor shall debrief each Candidate and inform them of their Assessment outcome.	Text updated to the correct terminology referenced throughout the TACS.  Last sentence in clause removed as it is duplicated and covered within clause 7.9.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
4.7.2	Re-assessment shall take place within 60	Reassessment shall take place within 60 days	Updated for clarity.
	days of the original assessment, after which	of the original Assessment <mark>date</mark> , after which	
	candidates are required to attend a further	Candidates are required to attend a further	
	training course in full.	Training course in full.	
4.7.3	Candidates shall provide a copy of their	Candidates reassessing for IRATA	The completion of 'further training' following a
	previous 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-	certification shall provide a copy of their	recommendation by an Assessor is not a
	025] at the time of re-assessment. This	previous 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-	mandatory requirement for technicians, as such it
	allows the Assessor to check whether any	025] at the time of reassessment. Candidates	has been removed as a prerequisite check.
	recommendations for extra Training have	unable to provide evidence of their previous	
	been met. Candidates unable to provide a	Training shall be required to attend a Training	
	copy of their previous 'Technician	course in full before re-assessment.	
	Assessment Form' [FM-025] are required to		
	attend a Training course in full before re-		
	assessment.		
4.10.4	Any Level 2 or Level 3 rope access	Any Level 2 or Level 3 rope access	Updated to the correct terminology.
	technician undertaking re-assessment after	technician undertaking revalidation after the	
	the expiry of their previous certificate, should	expiry of their previous certificate, should	Clause restructured for clarity.
	contact an IRATA Trainer member company	refer to the 'Procedures for IRATA	
	for further guidance. Further information can	Certification' [TC-032] or contact an IRATA	
	be found in the 'Procedures for IRATA	Trainer Member Company for further	
	Certification' [TC-032ENG].	guidance.	
4.13.4	The Logbook shall be used to record the rope	The Logbook shall be used to record the rope	Text removed for clarity, as all revalidating and
	access technician's experience and Training	access technician's experience and Training	upgrading candidates (including Level 1's)
	undertaken, including the total hours	undertaken, including the total hours engaged	require their Logbooks to be correctly
	engaged in rope access, the type and variety	in rope access, the type and variety of work	maintained.
	of work undertaken, and when the work took	undertaken, and when the work took place.	
	place. Rope access technicians wishing to	Rope access technicians wishing to revalidate	
	upgrade to Level 2 or Level 3 cannot be	or upgrade cannot be considered for	
	considered for Assessment without a	Assessment without a correctly maintained	
	correctly maintained and up to date Logbook.	and up to date Logbook.	
4.13.9	Level 3 rope access technicians are	Level 3 rope access technicians are	Updated to provide clarity and guidance.
	responsible for the accuracy of their own	responsible for the accuracy of their own	
	Logbooks. Where possible, they should ask	Logbooks. Where possible, they should ask	
	the Employer to countersign them. When	the Employer to countersign them. When	
	signing the Logbooks of rope access	signing the Logbooks of rope access	
	technicians under their supervision, Level 3	technicians under their supervision, the	
	rope access Technicians should ensure	verifier shall ensure that the entries are	
	entries are completed correctly and logged	completed correctly and logged hours are	
4.40.40	hours are accurate.	accurate.	T
4.13.10	Logbook entries should be made after the	Logbook entries shall be made after the end	To reflect that this requirement is mandatory.
	end of each period of qualifying rope access	of each period of qualifying rope access	
	activities (see clause <b>4.14.5</b> ). These entries	activities (see clause <b>4.14.5</b> ). These entries	
	shall be legible and made using a ball-point	shall be legible and made using a ball-point	
	pen in either blue or black ink.	pen in either blue or black ink.	

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
4.13.12	Fraudulent misuse or alteration of an IRATA Logbook shall result in the suspension or withdrawal of the rope access technician's IRATA certification.	Fraudulent misuse or alteration of an IRATA Logbook may result in the suspension or withdrawal of the rope access technician's IRATA Certification.	Updated with the correct terminology.
4.14.9	2014	2023	Figure 2 updated examples
6.1.2	The three elements of competence are continuously assessed both during training by the Trainer and during an assessment by the Assessor upon completion of the training:  a) knowledge is assessed by means of written and/or online examinations, by discussion during practical demonstrations, and observation of knowledge during practice; b) skills are assessed by the demonstration of practical elements of this syllabus; c) attitudes are assessed by observation of candidates' respect for safe practice.	The following elements of competence are assessed by the Assessor:  a) knowledge is assessed by means of theory examination and by discussion during practical demonstrations;  b) skills are assessed by the demonstration of practical elements of this syllabus;  c) attitudes are assessed by observation of Candidates' respect for safe practice.	Updated for clarity.
6.1.3	A summary of the training syllabus is given in <b>Figure 3</b> . Syllabus elements covered at assessment are described in <b>6.1.3.1</b> to <b>6.1.3.14</b> . These syllabus elements vary, depending on the level being assessed.	A summary of the training syllabus is given in <b>Figure 3</b> . Syllabus elements covered at assessment are described in <b>6.1.3.1</b> to <b>6.1.3.12</b> . These syllabus elements vary, depending on the level being assessed.	References updated.
6.1.3.1	At Level 1, Candidates are assessed on all elements of the syllabus. At Level 2 and Level 3 it is not normally practicable to cover every element of the syllabus during Assessment. Assessors shall select a representative number of elements meeting the criteria given in clauses 6.1.3.2 to 6.1.3.11.	At Level 1, Candidates are assessed on all elements of the Level 1 syllabus. At Level 2 and Level 3 it is not normally practicable to cover every practical element of the syllabus during Assessment. Assessors shall select a representative number of practical elements meeting the criteria given in clauses 6.1.3.2 to 6.1.3.8.	Updated for clarity.
6.1.3.2 and 6.1.3.6	<ul><li>6.1.3.2 Level 1 shall complete 20 Level 1 questions.</li><li>6.1.3.6 Level 2 shall complete 30 Level 2 questions.</li></ul>	9.5.1.1 Level 1 and Level 2 Candidates shall demonstrate their theoretical knowledge of applicable 'TACS' [TC-101] syllabus items. These theory elements are designated as 'Awareness' items on the 'Technician Assessment Form [FM-025].	Clauses moved and amalgamated into clause 9.5.1.1.  Updated to reflect the delivery of the theory element of the assessment, for Level 1 and 2 candidates.
6.1.3.2 – 6.1.3.14		Clauses renumbered	Clauses renumbered due to clauses 6.1.3.2 and 6.1.3.6 being removed from the section.
6.1.3.10	Level 3 candidates shall answer 10 Level 3 questions and 20 Level 2 questions.	<b>6.1.3.12</b> Level 3 Candidates shall answer 10 theory questions (see clause <b>9.5.2</b> ).	Clause moved for improved flow of section and updated to reflect the delivery of Level 3 Theory Examinations, which is defined further in section 9.5.2

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
Figure 3		Note: For conversion Candidates, the required IRATA syllabus items in Figure 3 may vary depending on the certification scheme that they are converting from.	Figure 3 updated with newer design, content remains unchanged.  Addition of note under Figure 3 to provide clarification regarding conversions.
6.2.1.2.5	Level 3 Candidates shall demonstrate familiarity with the scope and content of the 'ICOP' [TC- 102], and may use it for reference when necessary.	Level 3 Candidates shall demonstrate familiarity with the scope and content of the 'ICOP' [TC-102].	Updated for clarity.
6.2.3.2.3	Use of the word 'desk based'.	Substituted for 'theory-based'.	Text amended to reflect the implementation of the Level 3 Theory Examination.
6.2.4.2.4, 6.2.5.2.4, 6.2.6.2.3, 6.2.7.2.3, 6.3.1.2.3, 6.4.2.2.5	Use of the word 'desk based'.  Text 'practical or theory-based'.	Substituted for 'theory-based'.  Changed to 'practical and/or theory-based.	Text amended for clarity and to reflect the implementation of the Level 3 Theory Examination.
6.2.9.2.3	Trainers shall emphasize in all rescue scenarios the potential for suspension intolerance and its effects. Trainers should ensure that rescue dummies or weight bags are used where possible. Where live casualties are used, the use of work seats should be encouraged, and the Trainer should ensure the casualty moves their limbs regularly, particularly the legs, to maintain blood flow (even when feigning unconsciousness or other immobility during exercises).	Trainers shall emphasize in all rescue scenarios the potential for suspension intolerance and its effects. Trainers should ensure that rescue Manikins or weight bags are used where possible. Where live casualties are used, the use of work seats should be encouraged, and the Trainer should ensure the casualty moves their limbs regularly, particularly the legs, to maintain blood flow (even when feigning unconsciousness or other immobility during exercises).	Updated to use the correct terminology which aligns with the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300].
7.1.4	Only certified IRATA Trainer Member Companies are permitted to provide IRATA Training and Assessments.	Only certified IRATA Trainer Member Companies are permitted to conduct IRATA Training and provide for IRATA Assessments.	Updated for clarity.
-		<b>7.1.5</b> Suspended IRATA Member Companies are not permitted to conduct IRATA Training, nor the provision of IRATA Assessments.	Additional clause added to provide clarification and guidance.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
7.3.2	Training programmes shall comprise at least 30 hours Training over a minimum of 4 days. This time is specific to the level of course and will not normally include any refresher time for lower-level requirements. Trainer Member Companies shall ensure that Training programmes are suitable for the Trainee's ability and be aware that the minimum requirements may not be sufficient. The IRATA Assessment shall be conducted on a calendar date which is separate from the calendar dates of the Training provided and shall be independent of Training activities.	Training programmes shall comprise at least 30 hours Training over a minimum of 4 days. This time is specific to the level of course and will not normally include any refresher time for lower-level requirements. Trainer Member Companies shall ensure that Training programmes are suitable for the Trainee's ability and be aware that the minimum requirements may not be sufficient. The IRATA Assessment shall be conducted on a calendar date which is separate from the calendar dates of the Training provided and shall be independent of any Training activities. Further training shall not be provided to Candidates on the commencement and for the duration of their Assessment.	Updated for clarity.
7.3.3	Breaks in training, or between training and assessment, must not be longer than 60 days, after which candidates are required to attend a further training course in full.  Evidence of qualifying prior training must be presented to the Training member company prior to assessment.	A minimum of 4 days Assessment shall be completed within 60 days from the first date of Training, after which Candidates are required to attend a further Training course in full prior to Assessment.  Evidence of qualifying prior Training must be presented to the Trainer Member Company and the Assessor prior to Assessment.	Updated for clarity and to the correct terminology.
7.3.6	Trainer Member Companies shall ensure that language issues are provided for in the delivery of Training. Training programmes can be severely affected by language problems and additional time should be allowed for both Training and Assessment. Training manuals, manufacturer's user instructions and other course resources are essential Training aids and also serve as reference material for technicians and should be provided in a suitable language. Translations of the IRATA 'ICOP' [TC-102] and other documents are available on the IRATA website. Training member companies should liaise with the Assessor regarding appropriate questions.	Trainer Member Companies shall ensure that language issues are provided for in the delivery of Training and Assessment.  Training programmes can be severely affected by language problems and additional time should be allowed for both Training and Assessment. Training manuals, manufacturer's user instructions and other course resources are essential Training aids and serving as reference material for technicians and should be provided in a suitable language. Translations of the IRATA 'ICOP' [TC-102] and other documents are available on the IRATA website.	Updated for clarity regarding the provision of a translator for Assessments.  Removal of 'Training member companies should liaise with the Assessor regarding appropriate questions' as it is no longer required.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
7.5.1	Third-party IRATA training permitted a non-member company to provide IRATA training under the membership certification of an IRATA Training member company. Third-party training is no longer permitted; therefore, all training must be provided by a certified IRATA Training member company at their audited and certified training venue(s).	Third-party IRATA Training is not permitted. IRATA Training can only be provided by a certified IRATA Trainer Member Company at their audited and certified training venue(s). For further information refer to the 'Training Venue Approval Policy' [QP-314].	Text amended to provide clarification and guidance regarding third-party training.
7.6	All training venues intended for the provision of IRATA training and assessment shall be subject to audit and approval by IRATA.  Compliance with IRATA membership requirements will be verified at an IRATA audit and are subject to the approval of an IRATA audit panel. IRATA Training member companies shall ensure a pre-course risk assessment is carried out in accordance with the IRATA Pre-Training Course Checklist [FM-006] and is kept current. For further information refer to the Audit Checklist [FM-039] and the Training Venue Approval Policy [QP-314].	All training venues intended for the provision of IRATA Training and Assessment shall be subject to audit and approval by IRATA. Compliance with the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300] will be verified at IRATA audit and subject to the approval of an IRATA audit panel. IRATA Trainer Member Companies shall ensure a pre-course risk Assessment is carried out in accordance with the IRATA 'Pre-Training Course Internal Audit' [FM-006] and is kept current. For further information, refer to the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300] and the 'Training Venue Approval Policy' [QP-314].	Text updated to reference the membership requirements and supporting audit documents.
7.7.12	NOTE: The IRATA International Code of Practice [TC-102] is available in nine different languages from www.irata.org.	Note removed	Note removed as it is incorrect and not required.
7.7.15	Rescue dummies weighing at least 70 kg shall be available for rescue exercises.  Manual handling precautions shall apply.  Rescue dummies are particularly useful for rescue exercises as they give the Trainee rescuer experience of casualty handling without the risk of injuring a live 'casualty'.	Rescue Manikins weighing at least 70 kg shall be available for rescue exercises.  Manual handling precautions shall apply. Rescue Manikins are particularly useful for rescue exercises as they give the Trainee rescuer experience of casualty handling without the risk of injuring a live 'casualty'.	Updated to use the correct terminology which aligns with the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300].

-	on Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006  7.8.2 Prerequisite documentation and/or information shall be provided by the	Additional text added to provide clarification and/or guidance.
	Candidate and/or TMC to the Assessor, to	and/or guidance.
	enable the Assessor to perform pre-	
	assessment verification checks.	
	The Assessor shall verify the:	
	a) Candidate's identification by means of	
	their government issued photo identification;	
	b) Candidate's date of birth by means of	
	their government issued photo	
	identification (Candidate shall be at least	
	18 years of age on the first date of	
	Training);	
	c) Candidate's health declaration by means	
	of the signed 'Candidate Disclaimer and Liability Release' [FM-014ENG];	
	d) IRATA certification of Candidates being	
	assessed for an upgrade is still valid on	
	the date of Assessment, or where	
	expired the Candidate has met the	
	additional requirements to undergo	
	Assessment as stipulated in the 'TACS'	
	[TC-101ENG]; e) Candidate's IRATA Logbook Working	
	Hours meet the requirements stipulated	
	in clause <b>4.3.3</b> by means of the	
	technician's Logbook;	
	f) Candidate's Logbook has been correctly	
	maintained;	
	g) Candidate's previous Training and	
	Assessment record history, by means of the Candidate's Logbook and/or previous	
	copy of the 'Technician Assessment	
	Form' [FM-025] (if applicable);	
	h) TMC representative and the Candidate	
	have signed the 'Technician Assessment	
	Form' [FM-025] prior to commencing	
	Assessment; i) Translator (if required) has signed the	
	'Translator Declaration' [FM-294ENG]	
	(provided by TMC);	
	j) (for conversion) IRATA Conversion	
	Approval Letter (and checks as specified	

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
		within the letter) to check the level being assessed to.	
		Candidates who do not provide evidence to meet with the prerequisites and/or have not agreed and signed the 'Terms and Conditions of Assessment' on the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] are not permitted to proceed to Assessment.	
7.8.2 – 7.8.3		Clauses renumbered, comma after expired in d)	
7.9.2 – 7.9.12		Clauses renumbered	Section 7.9 restructured for an ease and to remove duplicated text.
7.9.1	The Assessor shall make a note of any missing documentation in the comments box of the assessment form.		Clause removed as there is no longer a requirement to update the 'comments' box, as the candidate is not permitted to proceed to assessment if prerequisite documents are not provided, as such a 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] will not be completed by the Assessor.
-		7.9.1 Trainer Member Companies shall enter the required information for each Candidate on the IOS Assessment Day Form (ADF), a minimum of 48 hours prior to the Assessment date.	New clause added to reflect timeframes for IOS ADF creation by TMCs.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
7.9.2	7.9.2 The Assessor shall pass the completed question papers and assessment forms, whether or not they are marked pass or fail, to the IRATA Trainer member company without delay. Spoiled forms shall be retained by the Assessor.	7.9.3 Following the completion of the Assessment, the Assessor shall distribute the 'Trainer Member Company' copy of the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] to the Trainer Member Company and the 'Candidate' copy of the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] to the	Text from clause 7.9.2 moved to clause 7.9.3 for ease and clarity.  Removal of question papers, as these are no longer a requirement.  New text added regarding the distribution of the
		Candidate.  IRATA Head Office shall be notified by the Assessor of the Assessment serial numbers of any spoiled forms with reason(s), which shall subsequently be destroyed by the Assessor.	'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] by the Assessor.
		Where the contingency paper-based Theory Examination has been used, the Assessor shall provide the signed and completed 'Examination Rules' and the 'Answer Sheet' to the Trainer Member Company.	
7.9.3	The IRATA Training member company shall process the forms through the IOS.  NOTE All completed assessment forms are processed through IRATA, including failures.	Moved to clause <b>7.9.4</b>	Moved due to the restructuring of section 7.9 for ease.
7.9.4	The Technician Assessment Form [FM-025] is valid for a period of 60 days. Subject to verification the IRATA Head Office will formally register the outcome of the assessment and provide a certificate for the candidate. During this 60-day period, the completed assessment form may be used as evidence of the assessment outcome.	7.9.8 The 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] is valid for a period of 60 days and provides evidence of the practical Assessment outcome. IRATA Certification is subject to verification by IRATA Head Office. Certification will be granted to Candidates upon successfully meeting all certification requirements.	Moved to 7.9.9 due to the restructuring of section 7.9 for ease.  Updated for clarity.
7.9.5	The completed white copy shall be held securely by the Training member company for a minimum period of four years.		Clause removed as there is no longer the requirement for TMCs to issue the yellow copy of the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] to the Candidate.
	The Training member company shall issue the yellow copy to the candidate.		The retention of training and assessment records is covered in clause 7.10.3. Removed due to duplication of text.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
7.9.6	For the IOS, the required information for each	7.9.2 The Trainer Member Company shall	Part of clause 7.9.6 regarding the submission of
	Candidate shall be entered by the IRATA	upload an up-to-date colour digital portrait	assessment records has been moved to section
	Trainer Member Company <mark>. A c</mark> olour digital	photograph <mark>of the</mark> Candidate to the IOS, a	7.9.5 due to the restructuring of section 7.9.
	portrait photograph shall be uploaded for	minimum of 48 hours prior to the Assessment	
	each Candidate, which meets the following	date. The photograph shall meet with the	Updated for clarity and guidance.
	requirements:	following requirements:	
	a) the photograph shall be clear and sharp	<ul> <li>a) the photograph shall be clear and sharp</li> </ul>	Clauses b) removed as the process for uploading
	and show a true likeness of the	and show a true likeness of the	technician photographs to the IOS has been
	Candidate;	Candidate;	updated and these requirements are no longer
	b) the file name shall include the	<ul> <li>b) the photograph shall only include the</li> </ul>	needed.
	Candidate's name;	Candidate's head and shoulders;	
	c) the file shall be saved in jpeg format;	<ul><li>c) the file shall be saved in jpeg format;</li></ul>	
	d) the file size shall be 300 pixels wide by	d) the file size shall be 300 pixels wide by	
	400 pixels high;	400 pixels high;	
	e) the photograph shall not display company	e) the photograph shall not display company	
	names or branding;	names or branding;	
	f) hats or head coverings are not permitted	f) hats or head coverings are not permitted	
	except when worn for religious reasons	except when worn for religious reasons	
	and only if the full facial features are	and only if the full facial features are	
	clearly visible.	clearly visible.	
7.9.6	Each completed IRATA 'Technician	7.9.5 Trainer Member Companies shall	Clause restructured for ease.
	Assessment Form' [FM-025] and the	submit the following completed document	
	'Assessment Day Form' [FM-042] shall be	records to registration@irata.org:	Updated with additional documents that must be
	scanned by the IRATA Trainer Member	the 'Trainer Member Company' copy of	submitted by TMCs.
	Company and emailed to	the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-	
	registrations@irata.org.	025] <mark>(including those for failed</mark>	
		Assessments);	
		the 'Assessment Day Form' [FM-	
		042ENG];	
		<ul> <li>contingency paper-based Theory</li> </ul>	
		'Examination Rules' and 'Answer Sheets'	
		(if applicable);	
		<ul> <li>'Translator Declarations' [FM-294ENG] (if</li> </ul>	
	1077 5 11 11 11 11 11	applicable).	
7.9.6	NOTE: Registrations entered online will not	7.9.6 Registrations entered on the IOS will	Note from clause 7.9.6 updated to a clause to
	be processed until these forms have been	not be processed until the forms stipulated in	highlight its importance.
	received <mark>at</mark> IRATA Head Office.	clause <b>7.9.5</b> have been received by IRATA	
		Head Office.	

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
7.9.7 and 7.9.8	<ul> <li>7.9.8 The cost of registration includes a certificate, an IRATA logbook and an ID card stating the current level attained.</li> <li>7.9.7 Upon verification and approval of the documentation by IRATA Head Office, a</li> </ul>	7.9.9 The cost of initial registration, revalidation and upgrade, are detailed in the 'IRATA Price List' [FM-200ENG]. Successful technicians shall receive a certificate, a photo identification card (ID card) and, for new technicians, a Logbook is issued stating the	Moved due to the restructuring of section 7.9 for ease.  Updated for clarity.
	certificate of competence, a photo identification card (ID card) and, for new technicians, a logbook is issued stating the level and type of certificate awarded and the expiry date. This documentation is issued directly to the candidate, unless requested otherwise by the IRATA Trainer member company.	level and type of certificate awarded and the expiry date. This documentation is issued directly to the Candidate, unless requested otherwise by the IRATA Trainer Member Company.	
7.9.9	A fee is charged for all replacement documents.	<b>7.9.10</b> A fee is charged for all replacement documents as detailed in the published 'IRATA Price List' [FM-200ENG].	Moved due to the restructuring of section 7.9 for ease.  Updated for clarity.
7.9.10	Submission of documentation to the IRATA Head Office should be within 30 days after the assessment. Registration and the issue of certificates, logbooks and ID cards should be completed within a further 30 days. The period from the assessment date to the issue of a certificate is normally not more than 60 days.	Moved to clause 7.9.7	Moved due to the restructuring of section 7.9 for ease.
7.9.11	Applications for registration submitted by the IRATA Trainer member company later than 30 days after assessment should be accompanied by a letter of explanation which will be reviewed by IRATA Head Office.	Removed	Removed as no longer a requirement.
-		<b>7.9.11</b> The Candidate's name that is registered with IRATA on the IOS shall be their legal name, as it appears on their government issued identification.	New clause added for clarity.
-		7.9.13 Candidates shall ensure that they notify IRATA without undue delay, if their contact details change.	New clause added for clarity.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
7.10.3	Trainer Member Companies shall ensure all evidence used to meet Training and Assessment criteria is held for a minimum of four years. This shall include copies of:  Assessment forms;  'Candidate Disclaimer and Liability Release' [FM-014] forms;  written assessment question papers; evidence of language accommodations; conversion and accelerated entry supporting documentation; Trainer's first aid certification.	Trainer Member Companies shall ensure all evidence used to meet Training and Assessment criteria is held securely for a period of four years. This shall include records of:  'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025];  'Assessment Day Forms' [FM-042ENG];  'Candidate Disclaimer and Liability Release' [FM-014] forms;  conversion supporting documentation;  Trainer's first aid certification.  Contingency paper-based Theory 'Examination Rules' and 'Answer Sheets';  completed 'Translator Declarations' [FM-294ENG].	Accelerated entry removed as this scheme is obsolete.  Updates reflect the implementation of the contingency paper-based Level 3 theory examination and the 'Translator Declaration' [FM-294ENG] form.  Updated for clarity.
8.2.1	All rope access technicians wishing to become Trainee Instructors are required to hold a current relevant first aid qualification.	All rope access technicians wishing to become Trainee Instructors are required to hold an appropriate and current first aid qualification.	Updated to align with the terminology used within the 'ICOP' [TC-102] and the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300].
8.3.1	Eligible rope access Technicians should complete a Trainee Instructor Application form [FM-066], and return it to the IRATA Head Office. A registration fee will be charged in line with the published IRATA price list. Once the application has been received and processed, the IRATA Head Office will issue a uniquely numbered Trainee Instructor Logbook.	Eligible rope access technicians should complete a 'Trainee Instructor Application Form' [FM-066] and return it to the IRATA Head Office. A registration fee will be charged in line with the published 'IRATA Price List' [FM-200ENG]. Once the application has been received, verified, and approved, IRATA Head Office will issue a uniquely numbered Trainee Instructor Logbook to those successfully meeting the requirements.	Updated for clarity.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
8.4.1	Trainee Instructors must meet several criteria before they are eligible to apply for Instructor status:  a) hold a current IRATA Level 3 certificate; b) hold a current relevant first aid certificate; c) have been witnessed to competently deliver all 'TACS' [TC-101] syllabus items; d) have at least 400 hours total logged experience delivering IRATA Training courses; e) successfully train (i.e. pass at Assessment) at least 30 Candidates including at least 6 Candidates at each IRATA level; f) maintain an overall pass rate of at least 60% of Candidates; g) attend at least one Instructor/Assessor workshop per year.  Items c) to g) are recorded in the Trainee Instructor Logbook, see clause 8.5. for further guidance.  After submitting the Logbook Candidates must then complete and pass the online Instructor examination, see clause 8.6.	Trainee Instructors shall meet several criteria before they are eligible to apply for Instructor status:  a) hold a current IRATA Level 3 certificate; b) hold an appropriate and current first aid certificate; c) have been witnessed to competently deliver all 'TACS' [TC-101] syllabus items; d) have at least 400 hours total logged experience delivering IRATA Training courses; e) successfully train (i.e. pass at Assessment) at least 30 Candidates including at least 6 Candidates at each IRATA level; f) maintain an overall pass rate of at least 60% of Candidates; g) attend at least one Instructor/Assessor workshop per year.  Items c) to g) are recorded in the Trainee Instructor Logbook, see clause 8.5. for further guidance.  After submitting the Logbook, Candidates are required to pass the online Instructor examination, see clause 8.6.	Text amended to the defined terminology and to align with the terminology used within the 'ICOP' [TC-102] and the 'IRATA Membership Requirements' [QP-300] (where applicable).
8.5.2.1	Trainee Instructors shall attend a minimum of one Instructor/Assessor workshop per calendar year (taken to be 1st April to 31st March). The logbook shall be taken to the workshop and countersigned by the chairperson to validate attendance. Workshops are listed on the 'Event Calendar' under 'News and Events' at www.irata.org.  Note: Trainee Instructors completing the requirements of clause 8.4.1 in less than a year may apply for Instructor status before attending an Instructor/Assessor workshop.	Trainee Instructors shall attend a minimum of one Instructor/Assessor workshop per calendar year, between 1st April to 31st March. The Logbook shall be taken to the workshop and countersigned by the chairperson to validate attendance. Workshops are listed on the IRATA website www.irata.org.  Note: Trainee Instructors completing the requirements of clause 8.4.1 in less than a year may apply for Instructor status before attending an Instructor/Assessor workshop.	Updated for clarity.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
8.8.4	If an Instructor loses their Logbook, they shall replace it immediately by contacting the IRATA Head Office. It is suggested that Candidates maintain either a scanned or photocopied back-up of their Logbook.	If an Instructor loses their Logbook, they shall request a replacement immediately via the IRATA website www.irata.org. It is suggested that Candidates maintain either a scanned or photocopied back-up of their Logbook.	Updated to reflect the use of the online document replacement request form.
	NOTE A fee is charged for replacement logbooks in-line with the published IRATA price list.	Note: A fee is charged for replacement Logbooks in-line with the published 'IRATA Price List' [FM-200ENG].	
9.1.8	The Assessor shall be fully conversant with the requirements of the level being assessed, including any additional requirements for expired, accelerated or conversion entry Candidates.	The Assessor shall be fully conversant with the requirements of the level being assessed, including any additional requirements for expired or conversion entry Candidates.	Accelerated entry removed as this scheme is obsolete.
-		9.1.11 IRATA Assessors are required to deliver Assessments as per the Assessment requirements stipulated within the 'TACS' [TC-101] and the 'Delivery of IRATA Assessments' [TC-205].	New clause added for clarity and guidance.
9.3.2	Each of the sections on the assessment form, relevant for the level of assessment being undertaken, shall be marked in the appropriate box as follows:  P - if the assessment is completed to an acceptable standard (P = pass);  Dis - for Minor Discrepancies (Dis = discrepancy);  Fail - if the assessment is unacceptable, if there has been a Major Discrepancy, or if the assessment has not been completed to an acceptable standard.	Each of the sections on the 'Technician  Assessment Form' [FM-025], relevant to the level of Assessment being undertaken, shall be marked in the appropriate box as follows:  P — if the Assessment is completed to an acceptable standard (P = pass);  Dis — for Minor Discrepancies (Dis = discrepancy);  Fail — if there has been a Major Discrepancy, a third Minor Discrepancy or the termination of an Assessment.	Text updated for clarity.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
9.3.3	There are two possible overall results: pass or fail. Two ways of failing are by committing three Minor Discrepancies or one Major Discrepancy during the Assessment.	There are two possible overall results: pass or fail. Two ways of failing are by committing three Minor Discrepancies or one Major Discrepancy during the Assessment.	Updated for clarity and to align with the ASTACS.
	Minor Discrepancy: A Minor Discrepancy is where a Candidate has not committed a Major Discrepancy, but can still be seen to have compromised their safety or the safety of others. Three Minor Discrepancies constitute a fail.	Minor Discrepancy: A Minor Discrepancy is where a Candidate has not committed a Major Discrepancy, but can still be seen to have compromised their safety or the safety of others. Three Minor Discrepancies constitute a fail.	
	<b>Major Discrepancy</b> : A Major Discrepancy is a critical safety issue, where the Candidate has put them self or others at risk. One Major Discrepancy constitutes a fail. This ends the Assessment.	Major Discrepancy: A Major Discrepancy is a critical safety issue, where the Candidate has put them self or others at risk. One Major Discrepancy constitutes a fail. This ends the Assessment.	
	Discrepancies should be agreed and noted by the Assessor and candidate each time they occur.	The Assessor shall inform the Candidate of discrepancies and explain the safety issue(s) arising from the situation, when they occur and when safe to do so.	
9.3.6	Overall performance shall be indicated by the Assessor marking (ticking) one of the five overall attainment boxes on the assessment form. These are:  1 Unacceptable - this would constitute a fail; 2 Satisfactory - this would constitute a pass; 3 Good - this would constitute a pass; 4 Very good - this would constitute a pass; 5 Excellent - this would constitute a pass.	The overall outcome for the entire Assessment (practical and theory) is as follows:  • Fail - Major Discrepancy  • Fail - 3 Minor Discrepancies  • Pass - 2 Minor Discrepancies  • Pass - 1 Minor Discrepancy  • Pass - no discrepancies	Updated for clarity, as approved by the Executive Committee.
9.3.7	All candidates begin the assessment at an assumed 'very good' standard. To retain this standard, the assessment has to be completed in good time with no minor discrepancies. Candidates who show exceptional competency may merit the 'excellent' standard. Any one minor discrepancy moves the candidate down to the 'good' standard. Two minor discrepancies moves the candidate down to the 'satisfactory' standard. One major or three minor discrepancies constitutes a failed assessment.	Removed	Removed as no longer a requirement.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
9.3.7-9.3.9		Clauses renumbered	Renumbered due to the removal of clauses within the section.
9.3.8	For Candidates who fail, the reason(s) for failure shall be explained by the Assessor. The Assessor shall write an explanation on the assessment form in the comments box. The explanation should highlight any additional experience or training needed in relevant aspects of the syllabus, and shall include any minimum time period before reassessment can take place. Recommendations should be clear, directly relevant to the candidate and shall be fully explained to him or her.	Removed	Removed as text is covered in clause 9.4.2.
9.4.2	Where a Candidate fails an Assessment, the reasons for failure shall be explained by the Assessor. The Assessor shall write an explanation on the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] in the comments box and shall explain the options for re-assessment (see clause 4.7). Any aspects of the syllabus relevant to the failure shall be discussed and recorded. Where appropriate, the Assessor should recommend further Training (1-4 days) and/or experience before re-assessment.	For Candidates who fail, the reason(s) for failure shall be explained to the Candidate by the Assessor. The Assessor shall record the reason(s) for failure on the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025] in the comments box and shall explain the options for reassessment (see clause 4.7).	Updated for clarity.  The provision of recommendations has been removed as it is no longer a requirement.
9.4.3	Where a Candidate fails a revalidation Assessment, the Candidate's existing certification shall not remain valid (see <b>9.4.5</b> and <b>9.4.6</b> ).	Where a Candidate fails a revalidation Assessment, the Candidate's existing Certification shall not remain valid (see <b>9.4.6</b> and <b>9.4.7</b> ).	References updated.
9.4.5	Revalidation and upgrade assessments resulting in a fail, due to a Major Discrepancy on any syllabus item, cannot be continued for the purpose of revalidating the technician to a lower level. In such cases the technician is permitted to be reassessed at the same level, or lower level, within 60 days of the failed assessment attempt without the requirement for further training.	Upgrade Assessments resulting in a fail, due to a Major Discrepancy or a third Minor Discrepancy on any syllabus item, cannot be continued, on the same calendar date, for the purpose of revalidating the technician to a lower level. In such cases the technician is permitted to be reassessed at the same level, or lower level, within 60 days of the failed Assessment attempt without the requirement for further Training.	Sentence restructured and updated for clarity.  'Revalidation' requirements removed and added to a new clause (9.4.7).

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
9.4.6	Level 2 and 3 revalidation Assessments resulting in a fail due to a third Minor Discrepancy can continue for the purpose of revalidating the technician to a lower level, providing all the required syllabus items of the lower level are passed with a maximum of two Minor Discrepancies, subject to the following:  a) All syllabus items performed during an unsuccessful revalidation Assessment shall be carried over to the downgraded Assessment unless the syllabus item is not performed at the lower level.  b) All Minor Discrepancies identified during an unsuccessful revalidation Assessment shall be carried over to the downgraded Assessment unless the syllabus item is not performed at the lower level.  c) All Minor Discrepancies for syllabus items that only require awareness (A) shall not be carried over to the downgraded Assessment and shall be reassessed at the downgraded level.	Level 2 and 3 revalidation or conversion Assessments resulting in a fail due to a third Minor Discrepancy can continue for the purpose of revalidating the Candidate to a lower level, providing all the required syllabus items of the lower level are passed with a maximum of two Minor Discrepancies, subject to the following: a) All syllabus items performed during an unsuccessful revalidation Assessment shall be carried over to the downgraded Assessment unless the syllabus item is not performed at the lower level. b) All Minor Discrepancies identified during an unsuccessful revalidation Assessment shall be carried over to the downgraded Assessment unless the syllabus item is not performed at the lower level. c) All Minor Discrepancies for syllabus items that only require awareness (A) shall not be carried over to the downgraded Assessment and shall be reassessed at the downgraded level.  9.4.7 Revalidation or conversion	Updated to cover conversion requirements.  Additional clause added for clarification regarding
0.5	Written naner	Assessments resulting in a fail, due to a Major Discrepancy on any syllabus item, cannot be continued, on the same calendar date, for the purposes of revalidating or converting the Candidate to a lower level. In such cases the Candidate is permitted to be reassessed at the same level, or lower level, within 60 days of the failed Assessment attempt without the requirement for further Training.	revalidation assessments and conversions.
9.5	Written paper	Theory Knowledge	Section header updated to reflect the Theory element of the assessment.
9.5.1 – 9.5.7		Clauses renumbered and section restructured	Clauses renumbered and section restructured
9.5.1	Criteria for the successful completion of the written paper are given in <b>9.5.2</b> to <b>9.5.7</b> .		Clause has been removed as it is no longer required.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
-		9.5.1 Level 1 and 2 Awareness  9.5.1.1 Level 1 and Level 2 Candidates shall demonstrate their theoretical knowledge of applicable 'TACS' [TC-101] syllabus items. These theory elements are designated as 'Awareness' items on the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025].	Section added to reflect Level 1 and 2 theory requirements.
9.5.2	Level 1 candidates shall achieve at least 15 correct answers from the possible maximum of 20 to gain an outright pass (P). Between 10 and 14 is a minor discrepancy (Dis) and less than 10 is a fail (Fail).		Clause has been removed as it is no longer required.
9.5.3	Level 2 candidates shall achieve at least 22 correct answers from the possible maximum of 30 to gain an outright pass (P). Between 14 and 21 is a minor discrepancy (Dis) and less than 14 is a fail (Fail).	Removed	Clause has been removed as it is no longer required.
-		9.5.2 Level 3 Theory Examination	Section added to reflect Level 3 theory examination requirements.
9.5.4	Level 3 candidates shall achieve at least 15 correct answers from the possible maximum of 20 Level 2 questions and, in addition, shall achieve at least seven correct answers from the ten Level 3 questions to gain a pass (P) for the written questions. Between five and six correct Level 3 answers is a Minor Discrepancy (Dis). Less than 15 correct Level 2 answers, or less than five correct Level 3 answers, is a fail (Fail).	<ul> <li>Examination outcome moved to clause 9.5.2.4</li> <li>9.5.2.4 Level 3 candidates shall undertake a Theory Examination and be awarded one of the following outcomes for their Examination:</li> <li>Greater than or equal to 70% - Pass</li> <li>Greater than or equal 50% but less than 70% - Minor Discrepancy</li> <li>Less than 50% - Major Discrepancy</li> </ul>	Text updated to reflect the implementation of the Level 3 Theory Examination.
-		9.5.2.2 The Theory Examination and practical Assessment shall be conducted on the same calendar date. The Theory Examination should be conducted first to accommodate the provision of downgraded Assessments (if applicable).	New clause added to reflect the implementation of the Level 3 Theory Examination.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
9.5.5	Level 3 candidates shall complete a written exercise (or exercises) covering the followingplanning and management topics (see 6.2):  a) hazard identification and risk assessment (see 6.2.3); b) selection of access method (see 6.2.4); c) selection of personnel and competence (see 6.2.5); d) safety method statement (see 6.2.6); e) exclusion zones and protection of third parties (see 6.2.7); f) planning for emergencies, including evacuation and rescue (see 6.2.8); g) first aid and suspension intolerance (see 6.2.9).	Text moved to clause 9.5.2.1  9.5.2.1 The Theory Examination will cover the following:  a) hazard identification and risk assessment (see clause 6.2.3);  b) selection of access method (see clause 6.2.4);  c) selection of personnel and competence (see clause 6.2.5);  d) safety method statement (see clause 6.2.6);  e) exclusion zones, protection of third parties and permits to work (see clause 6.2.7);  f) planning for emergencies (see clause 6.2.8);  g) first aid and suspension intolerance (see clause 6.2.9);  h) equipment (see clause 6.3).	Details added regarding the content and delivery of the Level 3 Theory Examination and updated to match the relevant section headings that are referred to within the 'TACS' [TC-101].
-		9.5.2.3 The Level 3 Theory Examination shall be invigilated by the Assessor. In exceptional circumstances, if the IRATA Online Examination Platform cannot be accessed, a contingency paper-based theory examination shall be used. The examination papers shall be provided to the Candidate for completion and subsequently be marked by the Assessor.	New clause added to reflect the implementation of the Level 3 Theory Examination.
9.5.6	During an equipment inspection, candidates shall find any serious/dangerous fault in equipment with which they are familiar.	Clause moved to section 9.7.3	Clause moved from the 'Theory Examination' section to section 'Practical Assessment'.  Deleted - "with which they are familiar".
9.5.7	Assessors may only adjust the result if candidates have clearly misunderstood the question or more than one correct answer can be successfully argued to the Assessor's satisfaction. Assessors shall not prompt or assist candidates in any way.	Removed	Clause removed Assessors are not permitted to adjust the Level 3 Theory Examination results.
-		9.5.2.5 The Assessor shall notify the Level 3 Candidate of the Theory Examination outcome (see clause 9.5.2.4) and record the outcome on the 'Technician Assessment Form' [FM-025].	New clause added to reflect the implementation of the Level 3 Theory Examination.

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
-		<ul> <li>9.5.2.6 If a Candidate's primary language is not English, a translator may be used for the Assessment, provided the translator meets the requirements stipulated in the 'Translator Declaration' [FM-294ENG] and has signed the declaration.</li> <li>Translators must not offer or provide training,</li> </ul>	New clause added to reflect the use of translators.
		nor assist Candidates during the Theory Examination, outside that of providing language translation activities.	
9.6	Practical	9.7 Practical Assessment	Section 9.6 'Practical' moved to section 9.7 and renamed 'Practical Assessment'.
-		9.6 Permissible Accommodations for the Theory Examination	Addition of new section providing clarity and guidance regarding accommodations.
		Eligibility for accommodations for the theory examination is detailed on the IRATA website (www.irata.org). If a Candidate is eligible for an accommodation, a request shall be submitted by the Trainer Member Company via the IOS ADF.	
		Due to the inherent risks associated with industrial rope access, and safety being a priority, accommodations are not permitted to the defined 'TACS' [TC-101] requirements for the practical Assessment.	
9.6.1 - 9.6.4		Renumbered to <b>9.7</b> . <b>1</b> - <b>9.7.5</b>	Renumbered as section 9.6 has been moved to section 9.7 and a clause has been added.
9.6.2	In any exercise or manoeuvre, Assessors should consider the time taken to complete each task. Where candidates remain entirely safe throughout the task, time taken may help to determine the overall standard awarded; e.g. the difference between gaining a 'good' or an 'excellent' pass. Where excessive time taken may place the candidate (and any casualty being rescued) in danger, excessive time taken may be considered a discrepancy, minor or major, depending on the circumstances and at the Assessor's discretion.	9.7.2 In any exercise or manoeuvre, Assessors should consider the time taken to complete each task. Where excessive time taken may place the Candidate (and any casualty being rescued) in danger, excessive time taken may be considered a Minor or Major Discrepancy, depending on the circumstances.	Updated for clarity and to reflect the new grading system stipulated in clause 9.3.6.

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

shall find any senous/dangerous fault in equipment, with which they are familiar.  9.6.3 Major Discrepancies  The following is a non-exhaustive list of Major Discrepancies (Fail): a) only one point of safety attachment while in suspension; b) unable to complete the task; c) excessive time period; d) no back-up to protect against a potential out-of-control swing that may cause injury or damage in the event of failure of an item of equipment; e) harness unsecured; f) anchor lanyards and device lanyards, e.g., cow's tails, tied or attached dangerously; g) no helmet at height; h) critical harness connectors unfastened or unsecured, e.g. screw links (maillon rapides); i) misuse causing damage to equipment, j) unsuitable choice of rope protection measures; k) uncontrolled descent during rescue; l) descending device threaded incorrectly and used in that manner; m) back-up or other devices used upside down; n) no safety attachment close to an exposed edge; o) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment; p) critical safety issues as defined by the	Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
9.6.3 Major Discrepancies  The following is a non-exhaustive list of Major Discrepancies (Fall): a) only one point of safety attachment while in suspension; b) unable to complete the task; c) excessive time period; d) no back-up to protect against a potential out-of-control swing that may cause injury or damage in the event of failure of an item of equipment; e) hamess unsecured; f) anchor lanyards and device lanyards, e.g. cow's tails, tied or attached dangerously; g) no helmet at height; h) critical harness connectors unfastened or unsecured, e.g. screw links (maillon rapides); i) misuse causing damage to equipment; j) unsuitable choice of rope protection measures; k) uncontrolled descent during rescue; j) descending device threaded incorrectly and used in that manner; m) back-up or other devices used upside down; n) no safety attachment close to an exposed edge; o) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment; p) critical safety issues as defined by the	9.5.6	shall <mark>find</mark> any serious/dangerous fault in	Candidates shall <mark>identify</mark> any	Clause moved from 9.5.6 to a more appropriate section 'Practical Assessment'.
Discrepancies (Fail): a) only one point of safety attachment while in suspension; b) unable to complete the task; c) excessive time period; d) no back-up to protect against a potential out-of-control swing that may cause injury or damage in the event of failure of an item of equipment; e) harmess unsecured; f) anchor lanyards and device lanyards, e.g. cow's tails, tied or attached dangerously; g) no helmet at height; h) critical harmess connectors unfastened or unsecured, e.g. screw links (maillon rapides); i) misuse causing damage to equipment; j) unsuitable choice of rope protection measures; k) uncontrolled descent during rescue; descending device threaded incorrectly and used in that manner; m) back-up or other devices used upside down; n) no safety attachment close to an exposed edge; o) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment; p) critical safety issues as defined by the	9.6.3	Major Discrepancies		Updated for clarity.
q) a swing that could cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment or property.  q) a swing that could cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment or property; r) attaining less than 50% on the Theory	9.6.3	The following is a non-exhaustive list of Major Discrepancies (Fail):  a) only one point of safety attachment while in suspension;  b) unable to complete the task; c) excessive time period; d) no back-up to protect against a potential out-of-control swing that may cause injury or damage in the event of failure of an item of equipment; e) harness unsecured; f) anchor lanyards and device lanyards, e.g. cow's tails, tied or attached dangerously; g) no helmet at height; h) critical harness connectors unfastened or unsecured, e.g. screw links (maillon rapides); i) misuse causing damage to equipment; j) unsuitable choice of rope protection measures; k) uncontrolled descent during rescue; l) descending device threaded incorrectly and used in that manner; m) back-up or other devices used upside down; n) no safety attachment close to an exposed edge; o) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment; p) critical safety issues as defined by the Assessor; q) a swing that could cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment or	The following is a non-exhaustive list of Major Discrepancies (Fail):  a) only one point of safety attachment while in suspension;  b) unable to complete the task; c) excessive time period; d) no back-up to protect against a potential out-of-control swing that may cause injury or damage in the event of failure of an item of equipment; e) harness unsecured; f) anchor lanyards and device lanyards, e.g. cow's tails, tied or attached dangerously; g) no helmet at height; h) critical harness connectors unfastened or unsecured, e.g. screw links (maillon rapides); i) misuse causing damage to equipment; j) unsuitable choice of rope protection measures; k) uncontrolled descent during rescue; l) descending device threaded incorrectly and used in that manner; m) back-up or other devices used upside down; n) no safety attachment close to an exposed edge; o) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment; p) critical safety issues; q) a swing that could cause injury to personnel or damage to equipment or property;	Addition of item r), clarifying that attaining < 50% on the Theory Examination constitutes a Major

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

International Assessor, Assessor rules and maintenance of status  Assessor is detailed in the 'Assessor is covered within the 'Assessor Selection Training and Certification Scheme' Training and Certification Scheme' Training and Certification Scheme' Training and Certification Scheme'	Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
Discrepancies (Dis): a) descending device not locked off or no control of the tail rope; b) attachment connectors not secured; c) critical personal fall protection equipment dropped; d) rope protection incorrectly placed; e) no braking karabiner used when required; f) harness incorrectly adjusted; g) helmet chinstrap unfastened; h) critical personal fall protection equipment missing from the harness set-up; i) tangles of Ropes; j) poor management of back-up device (major if critical); k) work positioning lanyards such as cow's tails positioned greater than fall factor 1; excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment (major if critical); m) considerable time taken to perform the task; n) unconventional or untrained techniques used; o) a small out-of-control swing.  9,7  Procedure to become an IRATA International Assessor, Assessor rules and maintenance of status  Discrepancies (Dis): a) descending device not locked off or no control ot becending device not tocked off or no control of the tail rope; b) attachment connectors not secured; c) critical personal fall protection equipment dropped; d) rope protection incorrectly placed; e) no braking karabiner used when required; f) harness incorrectly adjusted; g) helmet chinstrap unfastened; h) critical personal fall protection equipment missing from the harness set-up; it tangles of Ropes; j) poor management of back-up device (major if critical); work positioning lanyards such as cow's talls positioned greater than fall factor 1; l) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment (major if critical); m) considerable time taken to perform the task; n) unconventional or untrained techniques used; o) a small out-of-control swing.  9,7  Procedure to become an IRATA International Assessor, Assessor rules and maintenance of status	9.6.4	Minor Discrepancies	9.7.5 Minor Discrepancies	Updated in accordance with clause 9.5.2.4.
International Assessor, Assessor rules and maintenance of status  Assessor is detailed in the 'Assessor is covered within the 'Assessor Selection Training and Certification Scheme' Training and Certification Scheme' [TC-		The following is a non-exhaustive list of Minor Discrepancies (Dis):  a) descending device not locked off or no control of the tail rope; b) attachment connectors not secured; c) critical personal fall protection equipment dropped; d) rope protection incorrectly placed; e) no braking karabiner used when required; f) harness incorrectly adjusted; g) helmet chinstrap unfastened; h) critical personal fall protection equipment missing from the harness set-up; i) tangles of Ropes; j) poor management of back-up device (major if critical); k) work positioning lanyards such as cow's tails positioned greater than fall factor 1; l) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment (major if critical); m) considerable time taken to perform the task; n) unconventional or untrained techniques used;	The following is a non-exhaustive list of Minor Discrepancies (Dis):  a) descending device not locked off or no control of the tail rope; b) attachment connectors not secured; c) critical personal fall protection equipment dropped; d) rope protection incorrectly placed; e) no braking karabiner used when required; f) harness incorrectly adjusted; g) helmet chinstrap unfastened; h) critical personal fall protection equipment missing from the harness set-up; i) tangles of Ropes; j) poor management of back-up device (major if critical); k) work positioning lanyards such as cow's tails positioned greater than fall factor 1; l) excessive slack in connection to an ascending device used as a point of attachment (major if critical); m) considerable time taken to perform the task; n) unconventional or untrained techniques used; o) a small out-of-control swing; p) attaining greater than or equal to 50% but less than 70% on the Theory Examination (Level 3 only).	
and maintenance of status  Selection, Training and Certification Scheme' Training and Certification Scheme' [TC-	9.7			The procedure for becoming an IRATA Assessor is covered within the 'Assessor Selection
		· ·		
[TC-122ENG]. 122ENG], therefore clauses 9.7.1-9.7.3 are not required within the TACS [TC-101].			[TC-122ENG].	122ENG], therefore clauses 9.7.1-9.7.3 are not

Training, Assessment and Certification Scheme [TC-101ENG] – Change History v005 to v006

Clause	Issue 005	Issue 006	Reason for change
,	Issue 005	,	Reason for change Added for clarity regarding termination of assessments.
		f) are obstructive or refuse to comply with reasonable requests; g) are in breach of the Candidate examination or Assessment rules.  The Candidate is entitled to terminate their Assessment at any stage during the Assessment and is not obliged to provide a reason for their decision to terminate their Assessment.	